Patient Age/Gender: 44 years Male Printed: 12-Mar-19 10:06:42

Procedure	Result	Units	Ref Interval	Reported/ Accession Collected Received Verified
Total Carbamazepine	12.4 H	ug/mL	[4.0-12.0]	19-071-900069 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19
- Fues Carbonatoria	3.1 н	ug/mL	[1.0-3.0]	09:59:00 09:59:00 10:01:57 19-071-900069 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19
Free Carbamazepine	3.1 н	ug/mL [1.0-3.0]	09:59:00 09:59:00 10:01:57	
Percent Free Carbamazepine	25.0	00	[8.0-35.0]	19-071-900069 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19
				09:59:00 09:59:00 10:01:57

12-Mar-19 09:59:00 Percent Free Carbamazepine:

INTERPRETIVE INFORMATION: Carbamazepine, Free and Total,

Serum or Plasma

The therapeutic range is based on serum pre-dose (trough) draw at steady-state concentration. Free carbamazepine may be important to monitor in patients with altered or unpredictable protein binding capacity. Carbamazepine is also subject to drug-drug interactions due to displacement of protein binding and extensive metabolism. Crossreactivity with metabolites may account for differences in carbamazepine among analytical methods. Calculating percent free attempts to minimize differences in assay crossreactivity and may be useful in dose optimization.

A rare adverse drug reaction to carbamazepine therapy includes Stevens-Johnson syndrome or toxic epidermal necrolysis. Patients of Asian ancestry with the presence of the HLA-B*15:02 have an increased risk for this carbamazepine-induced life-threatening reaction. Pharmacogenetic testing for HLA-B*15:02 is recommended for patients at risk for carbamazepine hypersensitivity prior to treatment. This information has been included in the FDA-approved label for carbamazepine

(https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/daf/index.cfm?event=overview.process&varAppl No=016608) and guideline from the Clinical Pharmacogenetics Implementation Consortium (https://www.pharmgkb.org/guidelines) [ARUP test code 2012049, HLA-B*15:02 Genotyping, Carbamazepine Hypersensitivity.] A combination of therapeutic drug monitoring with HLA-B*15:02 pharmacogenetics genotyping may benefit patients who are at increased risk for developing carbamazepine-induced adverse events due to rare genotypes other than HLA-B*15:02 variant allele.